

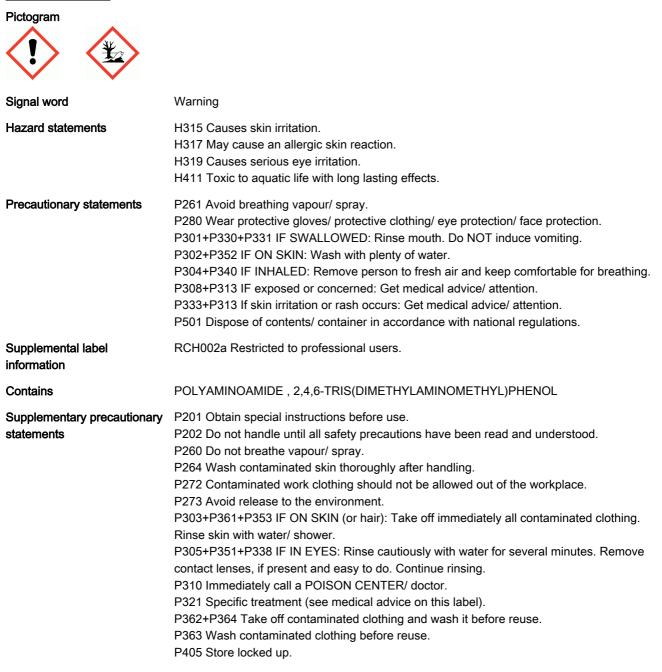


SAFETY DATA SHEET EPIDAC 2W BASE (Non Lead)

According to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, Annex II, as amended by Regulation (EU) No 453/2010According to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, Annex II

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking		
1.1. Product identifier		
Product name	EPIDAC 2W BASE (Non Lead)	
Product number	0079W - Non Lead (incl. 0079-N (Non Slip) grades)	
Internal identification	0079-W074 (White), -W327 (BS 00 A 05), -W328 (Tile Red), -W429 (Slate Grey), -W371 (BS 00 A 09), -W510 (Red), -W511 (Grey), -W512 (BS 282) & -W513 (BS 632).	
Synonyms; trade names	10435 (Internal Ref)	
1.2. Relevant identified uses of	f the substance or mixture and uses advised against	
Identified uses	Paint/Curing Agent/Activator	
1.3. Details of the supplier of the	ne safety data sheet	
Supplier	Dacrylate Paints Ltd, Lime Street, Kirkby-in-Ashfield Nottingham NG17 8AL Tel: +44 (0) 1623-753845 Fax: +44 (0) 1623-757151	
Contact person	sales@dacrylate.co.uk	
1.4. Emergency telephone nun	nber	
National emergency telephone +44 (0) 1623 753845 08:30-17:00 MON-FRI number		
SECTION 2: Hazards identification		
2.1. Classification of the substa	ance or mixture	
Classification (EC 1272/2008)		
Physical hazards	Not Classified	
Health hazards	Skin Irrit. 2 - H315 Eye Irrit. 2 - H319 Skin Sens. 1 - H317	
Environmental hazards	Aquatic Chronic 2 - H411	
Classification (67/548/EEC or 1999/45/EC)	Xi; R41. R43, R52/53	
Human health	Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used.	
Environmental	This product may cause harm to the environment. See Section 12 Ecological Information.	
Physicochemical	See Section 7.2 Storage Class. See Section 5.2 Hazardous combustion products. See Section 10: Stability and reactivity	

2.2. Label elements



2.3. Other hazards

This product does not contain any substances classified as PBT or vPvB.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2. Mixtures

	1-5%
EC number: 223-775-9	
M factor (Chronic) = 1	
Classification (67/548/EEC or 1999/45/EC)	
Xi;R38,R41. R43.	
YL)PHENOL	1-5%
EC number: 202-013-9	
Classification (67/548/EEC or 1999/45/EC)	
Xn;R22 Xi;R36/38	
azard Statements are Displayed in Section 16.	
	M factor (Chronic) = 1 Classification (67/548/EEC or 1999/45/EC) Xi;R38,R41. R43. YL)PHENOL EC number: 202-013-9 Classification (67/548/EEC or 1999/45/EC) Xn;R22 Xi;R36/38

4.1. Description of first and f	Tieasures
General information	The severity of the symptoms described will vary depending on the concentration and the length of exposure. Move affected person to fresh air and keep warm and at rest in a position comfortable for breathing.
Inhalation	Get medical attention. Place unconscious person on their side in the recovery position and ensure breathing can take place. Move affected person to fresh air and keep warm and at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Get medical attention. Symptoms of lung oedema (shortness of breath) may develop up to 24 hours after exposure. Show this Safety Data Sheet to the medical personnel.
Ingestion	Remove affected person from source of contamination. Rinse mouth thoroughly with water. Give plenty of water to drink. DO NOT induce vomiting. Get medical attention immediately.
Skin contact	Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water. Get medical attention promptly if symptoms occur after washing. Use barrier creams to prevent skin contact. Remove contaminated clothing and rinse skin thoroughly with water.
Eye contact	Rinse immediately with plenty of water. Remove any contact lenses and open eyelids wide apart. Continue to rinse for at least 15 minutes. Get medical attention if irritation persists after washing. Show this Safety Data Sheet to the medical personnel.
Protection of first aiders	First aid personnel should wear appropriate protective equipment during any rescue. In case of insufficient ventilation, wear suitable respiratory equipment.
4.2. Most important sympto	ms and effects, both acute and delayed
General information	The severity of the symptoms described will vary dependent on the concentration and the

length of exposure. See Section 11 for additional information on health hazards.

Inhalation	Harmful if inhaled Vapours may cause headache, fatigue, dizziness and nausea.		
Ingestion	Harmful if swallowed. May cause nausea, stomach pain and vomiting. May cause chemical burns in mouth and throat.		
Skin contact	Prolonged skin contact may cause redness and irritation. May cause sensitisation or allergic reactions in sensitive individuals.		
Eye contact	May cause severe eye irritation. Prolonged contact may cause redness and/or tearing.		
4.3. Indication of any immedia	4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed		
Notes for the doctor	No specific recommendations. If in doubt, get medical attention promptly. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.		
Notes:			
SECTION 5: Firefighting meas	sures		
5.1. Extinguishing media			
Suitable extinguishing media	Use fire-extinguishing media suitable for the surrounding fire. Extinguish with foam, carbon dioxide or dry powder.		
Unsuitable extinguishing media	Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.		
5.2. Special hazards arising fr	om the substance or mixture		
Specific hazards	Vapours are heavier than air and may travel along the floor and accumulate in the bottom of containers. Vapours may be ignited by a spark, a hot surface or an ember. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air. If a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst with the risk of subsequent explosion. The product is flammable.		
Hazardous combustion products	Nitric acid (HNO3). Ammonia or amines. Acrid smoke or fumes. Other pyrolysis products typical of burning an organic material. In case of fire, toxic gases (CO, CO2, NOx) may be formed. In the event of a fire and/or explosion, do not breathe fumes.		
5.3. Advice for firefighters			
Protective actions during firefighting	Containers close to fire should be removed or cooled with water. Do not allow water to contact any leaked material. Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. Control run-off water by containing and keeping it out of sewers and watercourses. If risk of water pollution occurs, notify appropriate authorities. Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken without appropriate training or involving any personal risk.		
Special protective equipment for firefighters	Wear positive-pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and appropriate protective clothing.		
SECTION 6: Accidental release	ie measures		
6.1. Personal precautions, pro	tective equipment and emergency procedures		
Personal precautions	Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet. Do not handle broken packages without protective equipment. Provide adequate ventilation. If ventilation is		

broken packages without protective equipment. Provide adequate ventilation. If ventilation is inadequate, suitable respiratory protection must be worn. Take care as floors and other surfaces may become slippery. No smoking, sparks, flames or other sources of ignition near spillage.

For non-emergency personnel	Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear suitable respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering.
For emergency responders	If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

6.2. Environmental precautions

Environmental precautions Do not discharge into drains or watercourses or onto the ground.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for cleaning up	No smoking, sparks, flames or other sources of ignition near spillage. Collect and place in suitable waste disposal containers and seal securely. Label the containers containing waste and contaminated materials and remove from the area as soon as possible. If involved in a fire, shut off flow if it can be done without risk. Eliminate all sources of ignition. No smoking, sparks, flames or other sources of ignition near spillage. Provide adequate ventilation. Small Spillages: Absorb small quantities with paper towels and evaporate in a safe place. Large Spillages: Absorb in vermiculite, dry sand or earth and place into containers. The accumulation of contaminated rags and application cloths may result in spontaneous combustion. This is particularly important in the case of products containing a high level of drying oils such as teak oil, linseed oil etc. Good housekeeping standards and regular safe removal of waste materials will minimise the risks of spontaneous combustion and other fire
	removal of waste materials will minimise the risks of spontaneous combustion and other fire hazards.

6.4. Reference to other sections

Reference to other sections	Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet. See Section 11
	for additional information on health hazards. See Section 12 for additional information on
	ecological hazards. For waste disposal, see section 13.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Usage precautions	Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Eliminate all sources of ignition. Keep away from heat, sparks and open flame. All handling should only take place in well-ventilated areas. Use non sparking handtools and explosion-proof electric equipment. Static electricity and formation of sparks must be prevented. Dust may form explosive mixture with air. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. Storage tanks and other containers must be earthed. Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used.	
Advice on general occupational hygiene	Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash promptly with soap and water if skin becomes contaminated. Promptly remove any clothing that becomes contaminated. Use appropriate hand lotion to prevent defatting and cracking of skin.	
7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities		
Storage precautions	Keep only in the original container. Keep away from food, drink and animal feeding stuffs.	

Keep only in the original container. Keep away from lood, drink and animal reeding statis. Keep away from oxidising materials, heat and flames. Paints containing aluminium must not get in contact with water during storage. Exercise caution when opening to allow pressure release. Keep only in the original container in a cool, well-ventilated place. Avoid/separate from strong acids, alkalis, oxidising and reducing agents. Observe the label precautions. Store at temperatures between 5°C and 35°C (32 to 95°F). Containers which have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. See Section 7.2 Storage class.

Storage class	Flammable liquid storage.
7.3. Specific end use(s)	
Specific end use(s)	The identified uses for this product are detailed in Section 1.2. Restricted to professional users.
SECTION 8: Exposure Contr	rols/personal protection
8.1. Control parameters	
Ingredient comments	WEL = Workplace Exposure Limits
8.2. Exposure controls	
Protective equipment	
Note:	When spraying, the use of a suitable/approved respirator is advised.
Appropriate engineering controls	No specific ventilation requirements noted, but forced ventilation may still be required if air contamination exceeds acceptable level.
Eye/face protection	The following protection should be worn: Chemical splash goggles. Eyewear complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment indicates eye contact is possible.
Hand protection	Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment indicates skin contact is possible. The most suitable glove should be chosen in consultation with the glove supplier/manufacturer, who can provide information about the breakthrough time of the glove material. To protect hands from chemicals, gloves should comply with European Standard EN374.
Other skin and body protection	Wear appropriate clothing to prevent reasonably probable skin contact.
Hygiene measures	Use engineering controls to reduce air contamination to permissible exposure level. Provide eyewash station. Provide eyewash station and safety shower. Wash at the end of each work shift and before eating, smoking and using the toilet.
Respiratory protection	If ventilation is inadequate, suitable respiratory protection must be worn. Respiratory protection complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment indicates inhalation of contaminants is possible. Ensure all respiratory protective equipment is suitable for its intended use and is 'CE'-marked.
Environmental exposure controls	Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels. Keep container tightly sealed when not in use.
Notes:	
SECTION 9: Physical and Ch	homical Dranortica

SECTION 9: Physical and Chemical Properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance	Liquid.
Colour	Varying.
Odour	Mild (or faint).
Odour threshold	Not determined.

рН	Not relevant.
Melting point	Not applicable.
Initial boiling point and range	Not determined.
Flash point	°C CC (Closed cup).
Evaporation rate	Not determined.
Evaporation factor	Not determined.
Flammability (solid, gas)	No information available.
Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits	Not determined.
Other flammability	No specific test data are available.
Vapour pressure	Not determined.
Vapour density	Not determined.
Relative density	approx. 1.20 @ 20°C
Bulk density	Not determined.
Solubility(ies)	Soluble in the following materials: Organic solvents.
Partition coefficient	Not available.
Auto-ignition temperature	Not determined.
Decomposition Temperature	Not determined.
Viscosity	Not determined.
Explosive properties	May form explosive mixtures with air.
Explosive under the influence of a flame	Not considered to be explosive.
Oxidising properties	Not determined.
Comments	May form explosive mixtures with air
9.2. Other information	
Other information	Soluble in most organic solvents.
SECTION 10: Stability and rea	activity
10.1. Reactivity	
Reactivity	The following materials may react with the product: Acids. Alkalis. Oxidising materials.
10.2. Chemical stability	
Stability	Stable at normal ambient temperatures and when used as recommended. Further information on correct storage: refer to Section 7.
10.3. Possibility of hazardous	reactions
Possibility of hazardous reactions	None under normal processing Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air.
10.4. Conditions to avoid	

Conditions to avoid	Avoid contact with strong oxidising agents. Do not pressurise, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to conditions to heat or sources of ignition. Protection against nuisance dust must be used when the airborne concentration exceeds 10 mg/m3. Avoid extremes of temperature and direct sunlight.
10.5. Incompatible materials	
Materials to avoid	Strong oxidising agents.
10.6. Hazardous decomposition	on products
Hazardous decomposition products	Nitric acid (HNO3). Ammonia or amines. Thermal decomposition or combustion products may include the following substances: Carbon monoxide (CO). Carbon dioxide (CO2). Oxides of nitrogen. Acrid smoke or fumes. In case of fire and/or explosion, do not breaths fumes.
SECTION 11: Toxicological in	formation
11.1. Information on toxicologi	ical effects
Acute toxicity - oral	
ATE oral (mg/kg)	125,798.74
Acute toxicity - dermal ATE dermal (mg/kg)	79,253.21
General information	This product is unlikely to harm health, given normal and proper handling and hygienic precautions. Prolonged and repeated contact with solvents over a long period may lead to permanent health problems.
Inhalation	Harmful by inhalation. Irritating to respiratory system.
Ingestion	Harmful if swallowed. Irritating. May cause nausea, stomach pain and vomiting.
Skin contact	Harmful in contact with skin. Irritating to skin.
Eye contact	Harmful in contact with eyes. Irritating to eyes.
Acute and chronic health hazards	May cause sensitisation by skin contact.
Route of entry	Ingestion. Skin and/or eye contact Oral
Additional Information:	For further information, please refer to Sections 4 and 8 respectively.
Toxicological information on ir	ngredients.
	2,4,6-TRIS(DIMETHYLAMINOMETHYL)PHENOL
Acute toxicity - o	ral
Acute toxicity oral (LD₅o 2,000.0 mg/kg)	

mg/kg)	_,
Species	Rat
ATE oral (mg/kg)	2,000.0
Acute toxicity - dermal	
Acute toxicity dermal (LD ₅₀ mg/kg)	1,260.0
Species	Rabbit
ATE dermal (mg/kg)	1,260.0

Acute toxicity - inhalation	
Acute toxicity inhalation (LC₅₀ vapours mg/l)	5,000.0
Species	Rat
ATE inhalation (vapours mg/l)	5,000.0
Serious eye damage/irritati	on
Serious eye damage/irritation	Harmful in contact with eyes and skin. Causes eye irritation
Respiratory sensitisation	
Respiratory sensitisation	Irritating to respiratory system.
Skin sensitisation	
Skin sensitisation	Irritating May cause sensitization by skin contact. May produce an allergic reaction.
Germ cell mutagenicity	
Genotoxicity - in vitro	No specific test data are available.
Genotoxicity - in vivo	No specific test data are available.
Carcinogenicity	
Carcinogenicity	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
Reproductive toxicity	
Reproductive toxicity - fertility	No specific test data are available.
Reproductive toxicity - development	No information available.
Specific target organ toxicit	y - single exposure
STOT - single exposure	No specific test data are available.
Specific target organ toxicit	y - repeated exposure
STOT - repeated exposure	No information available.
Aspiration hazard	
Aspiration hazard	No information available.
General information	Prolonged and repeated contact with solvents over a long period may lead to permanent health problems.
Inhalation	Harmful by inhalation.
Ingestion	Harmful if swallowed.
Skin contact	Harmful in contact with skin. Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.
Eye contact	Harmful in contact with eyes.
Route of entry	Inhalation Ingestion Oral Skin and/or eye contact

SECTION 12: Ecologic	al Information	
12.1. Toxicity		
Toxicity	-	oduct contains substances which are harmful to aquatic organisms. Do not discharge ins, water courses or onto the ground.
Ecological information	on ingredients.	
		POLYAMINOAMIDE
Acute aqu	uatic toxicity	
LE(C)50		0.1 < L(E)C50 ≤ 1
M factor (Acute)	1
Chronic a	quatic toxicity	
M factor (Chronic)	1
		2,4,6-TRIS(DIMETHYLAMINOMETHYL)PHENOL
Toxicity		This product contains substances which are harmful to aquatic organisms. Do not discharge into drains, water courses or onto the ground.
Acute tox	icity - fish	, LC50 96 hours 420 mg/lt (Fish) - refers to amines : ,
Acute tox invertebra	icity - aquatic ates	, EC50 48 hours 24.1 mg/lt (Daphnia) - refers to amines:,
Acute tox plants	icity - aquatic	No information available.
Acute tox microorga	-	, ErC50 72 hours 6.8 mg/lt (Algae) - refers to amines : NOEC 72 hours 0.5 mg/lt (Algae) - refers to amines ,
Acute tox	icity - terrestrial	, Chronic EC10 2 hours static 46 mg/lt (Basteria):,
12.2. Persistence and	degradability	
Persistence and degra	•	will evaporate, residue will not readily biodegrade. There are no data on the ability of this product.
Biodegradation	No data	available.
Ecological information	on ingredients.	
		2,4,6-TRIS(DIMETHYLAMINOMETHYL)PHENOL
Persisten degradab		The product is not readily biodegradable.
Biodegrad	dation	Not readily biodegradable.
12.3. Bioaccumulative	potential	
Bioaccumulative poten	tial No data	available on bioaccumulation.
Partition coefficient	Not ava	ilable.
Ecological information	on ingredients.	

2,4,6-TRIS(DIMETHYLAMINOMETHYL)PHENOL

Bioaccumulative potential No data available on bioaccumulation.

12.4. Mobility in soil

Mobility

The product is insoluble in water. Mobile liquid, solvent will evaporate leaving a semi-solid mass.

Ecological information on ingredients.

2,4,6-TRIS(DIMETHYLAMINOMETHYL)PHENOL

Mobility

No information available.

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Ecological information on ingredients.

2,4,6-TRIS(DIMETHYLAMINOMETHYL)PHENOL

Results of PBT and vPvB This product does not contain any substances classified as PBT or vPvB. assessment

12.6. Other adverse effects

SECTION	13:	Disposal	considerations
---------	-----	----------	----------------

	13.1.	Waste	treatment	methods	
--	-------	-------	-----------	---------	--

General information	Dispose of waste to licensed waste disposal site in accordance with the requirements of the local Waste Disposal Authority. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. The generation of waste should be minimised or avoided wherever possible. The company encourages the recycle, recovery and reuse of materials, wherever possible.
Disposal methods	Dispose of waste to licensed waste disposal site in accordance with the requirements of the local Waste Disposal Authority. Avoid the spillage or runoff entering drains, sewers or watercourses. Absorb in vermiculite, dry sand or earth and place into containers. Dispose of waste via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Reuse or recycle products wherever possible. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with national regulations.

SECTION 14: Transport information

14.1. UN number	
UN No. (ADR/RID)	3082
UN No. (IMDG)	3082
UN No. (ICAO)	3082
UN No. (ADN)	3082
14.2. UN proper shipping name	9
Proper shipping name (ADR/RID)	ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (CONTAINS POLYAMINOAMIDE)
Proper shipping name (IMDG)	ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (CONTAINS POLYAMINOAMIDE)
Proper shipping name (ICAO)	ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (CONTAINS POLYAMINOAMIDE)
Proper shipping name (ADN)	ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (CONTAINS POLYAMINOAMIDE)
44.2 Transport beyond class/s	

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

ADR/RID class	9
ADR/RID classification code	M6
ADR/RID label	9
IMDG class	9
ICAO class/division	9
ADN class	9
Transport labels	

14.4. Packing group

ADR/RID packing group	III
IMDG packing group	III
ADN packing group	III
ICAO packing group	III

14.5. Environmental hazards

Environmentally hazardous substance/marine pollutant



14.6. Special precautions for userEmSF-A, S-FADR transport category3Emergency Action Code•3ZHazard Identification Number
(ADR/RID)90Tunnel restriction code(E)

14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code

Transport in bulk according to Not applicable. Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

National regulations	Petroleum (Consolidation) Act, as amended 1984 SI 1244.
	Highly Flammable Liquid Regulations 1972.
	Rivers (Prevention of Pollution) Act 1961.
	Control of Pollution (Special Waste) Regulations 1980 (as amended).
	Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Regulations 2002 (as amended).

EU legislation	Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 18 December 2006 concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals (REACH) (as amended). Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 16 December 2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures (as amended).
	Commission Regulation (EU) No 453/2010 of 20 May 2010.
Guidance	Workplace Exposure Limits EH40.
	Introduction to Local Exhaust Ventilation HS(G)37.
	CHIP for everyone HSG228.
	Approved Classification and Labelling Guide (Sixth edition) L131.

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

SECTION 16: Other information

No chemical safety assessment has been carried out.

SECTION 16: Other information		
General information	Product to be used in industrial and/or professional applications.	
Issued by	MW	
Revision date	22/06/2017	
Revision	2	
SDS number	10435	
Risk phrases in full	 R22 Harmful if swallowed. R34 Causes burns. R36/38 Irritating to eyes and skin. R41 Risk of serious damage to eyes. R43 May cause sensitisation by skin contact. R50/53 Very toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment. R52/53 Harmful to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment. 	
Hazard statements in full	 H226 Flammable liquid and vapour. H302 Harmful if swallowed. H312 Harmful in contact with skin. H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage. H315 Causes skin irritation. H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction. H318 Causes serious eye damage. H319 Causes serious eye irritation. H400 Very toxic to aquatic life. H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. 	

The product should not be used for the purposes other than those shown in Section 1 without first referring to the supplier and obtaining written handling instructions. As the specific conditions of use of the product are outside the supplier's control, the user is responsible for ensuring that the requirements of relevant legislation are complied with. This information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process. Such information is, to the best of the company's knowledge and belief, accurate and reliable as of the date indicated. However, no warranty, guarantee or representation is made to its accuracy, reliability or completeness. It is the user's responsibility to satisfy himself as to the suitability of such information for his own particular use.