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Date 26/10/2009 Revision 3 Page 1 of 6

HEALTH & SAFETY DATA SHEET TECHNICAL PAINT SERVICES MSDS 100F6

1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE PRODUCT: BS1/60, A3, A75, A76, A77, A96, A146/5, MSP1009.

PRODUCT NAME: See above Ranges.

USE: Solvent-borne Primers, Paints and Polishes.

Application by brush, roller or spray.

2. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Substances presenting a health or environmental hazard within the meaning of the CHIP Regulations or which are assigned Workplace Exposure Limits: -

Name	Einecs No.	Conc.Range	Symbol*	R-Phrases*
Ethanol	64-17-5	25-50%	Χ	R11
Isopropyl alcohol	67-63-0	2.5-5%	Χ	R11,R36,R67
Methanol	67-56-1	0-1%	Χ	R11,R23,R24,R25,R39

^{*}for full text see section 16.

3. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

FLAMMABLE. HARMFUL. DANGEROUS FOR THE ENVIRONMENT. Also refer to section 11.

4. FIRST-AID MEASURES

GENERAL

In all cases of doubt or when symptoms persist, seek medical attention. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

INHALATION

Remove to fresh air, keep patient warm and at rest. If breathing has stopped, administer artificial respiration. Give nothing by mouth. If unconscious, place in the recovery position and seek medical advice.

SKIN CONTACT

Remove contaminated clothing. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or a recognised skin cleaner. DO NOT USE SOLVENT OR THINNERS.

EYE CONTACT

Remove contact lenses. Irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water for at least 10 minutes, holding the eyelids apart and seek medical advice.

If accidentally swallowed obtain immediate medical attention. Keep at rest. DO NOT induce vomiting.

5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

The liquid product is 'flammable'.

EXTINGUISHING MEDIA

Recommended: alcohol resistant foam, CO2, powder, water spray/mist

Not to be used: water jet

Recommendations: Fire will produce dense black smoke containing hazardous products of combustion (see section 10). Exposure to decomposition products may be a hazard to health. Appropriate self contained breathing apparatus may be required. Cool closed containers exposed to fire with water spray. Do not allow run off from fire fighting to enter drains or watercourses.

27 SOUTHCOTE ROAD BOURNEMOUTH BH1 3SH Tel 01202 295 570 Fax 01202 295 552

Email enquiries@techpaints.com www.tecpaints.com Date 26/10/2009 Revision 3 Page 2 of 6 MSDS 100F

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Exclude sources of ignition and ventilate area. Exclude non-essential personnel. Avoid breathing vapours. Refer to protective measures listed in sections 7 and 8. Contain and collect spillages with non-combustible absorbent materials e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite, diatomaceous earth, and place in a suitable container for disposal in accordance with the waste regulations (see section 13). Do not allow to enter drains or water courses. Clean preferably with a detergent; avoid the use of solvents. If the product enters drains or sewers, immediately contact the local water company; in case of contamination of streams, rivers or lakes, the relevant environment agency.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

HANDLING

Solvent vapours are heavier than air and may spread along floors. They may form explosive mixtures with air. Prevent the creation of flammable or explosive concentrations of vapour in air and avoid vapour concentrations higher than the Exposure Limit Values. In addition, solvent-borne products should only be used in areas from which all naked lights and other sources of ignition have been excluded. Electrical equipment should be protected to the appropriate standard. Keep the container tightly closed. Exclude sources of heat, sparks and open flame. Non-sparking tools should be used. Avoid skin and eye contact. Avoid inhalation of vapour. Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibited in areas of storage and use. For Occupational Exposure Controls measures see section 8. Never use pressure to empty; the container is not a pressure vessel. Always keep in containers made of the same material as the supply container. Avoid the accumulation of contaminated rags. Good housekeeping standards and regular safe removal of waste materials will minimise the risks of spontaneous combustion and other fire hazards. Prevent the generation and inhalation of harmful dust and fumes when preparing surfaces previously coated with lead containing paints, for further information see section 16 - "Lead in previously painted surfaces".

The Manual Handling Operations Regulations may apply to the handling of containers/packages of this product. To assist employers the following method of calculating the weight of any pack size is given. Take the pack size volume in litres and multiply this figure by the specific gravity value given in section 9. This will give the net weight of the product in kilograms. Allowance will then have to be made for the immediate packaging to give an approximate gross weight.

STORAGE PRECAUTIONS

Store separately from oxidising agents, strongly alkaline and strongly acidic materials.

Flash point above 17°C: Although the storage of these products are not subject to specific statutory requirements, the principles contained in the HSE guidance note 'Storage of Flammable Liquids in Containers', should be observed. Observe the label precautions. Store between 5°C and 25°C in a dry, well ventilated place away from sources of heat, ignition and direct sunlight. No smoking. Prevent unauthorised access. Containers which are opened should be properly resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. The principles contained in the HSE guidance note 'Storage of Packaged Dangerous Substances' should be observed when storing these products.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

EXPOSURE CONTROLS: Provide adequate ventilation. Where reasonably practicable this should be achieved by the use of local exhaust ventilation and good general extraction. If these are not sufficient to maintain concentrations of particulates and/or solvent vapours below the relevant Workplace Exposure Limit Values, suitable respiratory protection must be worn (see 'Occupational Exposure Controls' below).

EXPOSURE LIMIT VALUES:

Substance	Exposure Limit Values				Notations
	8 hr LTEL (1)		15 min STEL (2)		
	ppm	mgm-3	ppm	mgm-3	
Ethanol	1000	1920	-	-	-
Isopropyl alcohol	400	999	500	1250	-
Methanol	200	266	250	333	-

- (1) Long-Term Exposure Limit 8 hour Time Weighted Average
- (2) Short-Term Exposure Limit 15 minute reference period
- (W) Workplace Exposure Limit (WEL)
- (SUP) Recommended by suppliers
- (A) Allocated limits by analogy with similar materials
- (Sk) Risk of absorption through unbroken skin
- (Sen) Capable of causing sensitisation by inhalation

WEL's are taken from the current version of EH40, except those marked (SUP) or (A) which are assigned by the supplier of the substance.

27 SOUTHCOTE ROAD BOURNEMOUTH BH1 3SH Tel 01202 295 570 Fax 01202 295 552

Email enquiries@techpaints.com www.tecpaints.com Date 26/10/2009 Revision 3 Page 3 of 6 MSDS 100F6

OCCUPATIONAL EXPOSURE CONTROLS

All Personal Protective Equipment (ppe), including Respiratory Protective Equipment (rpe), used to control exposure to hazardous substances must be selected to meet the requirements of the COSHH regulations.

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION

If exposure to hazardous substances identified above cannot be controlled by the provision of local exhaust ventilation and good general extraction, suitable respiratory protective equipment should be worn. If exposure of the applicator or the people nearby cannot be controlled to below the WEL and engineering controls or methods cannot reasonably be improved, suitable respiratory protective equipment should be used. Dry sanding flame cutting and/or welding of the dry paint film will give rise to dust and/or hazardous fumes. Wet sanding should be used wherever possible.

HAND PROTECTION

When skin exposure may occur, advice should be sought from glove suppliers on appropriate types and usage times for this product. The instructions and information provided by the glove supplier on use, storage, maintenance and replacement must be followed. Barrier creams may help to protect exposed areas of skin but are not substitutes for full physical protection. They should not be applied once exposure has occurred.

EYE PROTECTION

Eye protection designed to protect against liquid splashes should be worn.

SKIN PROTECTION

Cotton or cotton/synthetic overalls are normally suitable. Grossly contaminated clothing should be removed and the skin washed with soap and water or a recognised skin cleaner. Regular skin inspection of users of this product is recommended. ALWAYS WASH YOUR HANDS BEFORE EATING, SMOKING OR USING THE TOILET.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Physical state Liquid

Odour Alcohol-like (strong)

Colour White

Flash point Closed cup: 17oC (62.6oF) (Setaflash)

Boiling point 80oC (176oF)
Explosive limit Lower 3%v/v
Upper 18%

Vapour pressure 10kPa(75mm Hg) Vapour density <1 (Air =1)

Evaporation rate (butyl acetate =1)>1 (butyl acetate =1)
Volatility % 60.56% (v/v), 38.07% (w/w)
VOC Directive 2004/42/CE Class A.j.Max VOC 300g/l

Solubility Easily soluble in the following materials: methanol.

Soluble in the following materials: acetone.

Partially soluble in the following materials: cold and hot water. Very slightly soluble in the following materials: n-octanol.

Insoluble in the following materials: diethyl ether.

Relative density 1.3

Viscosity Dynamic>500mPa-s(>500cP)

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Stable under the recommended storage and handling conditions (see section 7). In a fire, hazardous decomposition products such as smoke, carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide and oxides of nitrogen may be produced. Keep away from oxidising agents and strongly alkaline and strongly acidic materials to prevent the possibility of an exothermic reaction.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

There is no data available on the product itself. Exposure to organic solvent vapours in excess of the stated Workplace Exposure Limit may result in adverse health effects such as irritation of the mucous membrane and respiratory system and adverse effects on the kidney and liver and central nervous system. Symptoms include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and in extreme cases, loss of consciousness. Repeated or prolonged skin contact may lead to removal of natural fats from the skin resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin. Splashes in the eye may cause irritation and reversible local damage. Ingestion may result in the following effects: sore throat, abdominal pain, drowsiness, nausea, vomiting and diarrhoea. Other effects may be as described for exposure to vapours.

The product has been assessed following the conventional method in CHIP and is classified for toxicological hazards accordingly. This takes into account, where known, delayed and immediate effects and chronic effects of components from short-term and long-term exposure by oral, inhalation and dermal routes of exposure and eye contact. See sections 3 and 15 for details of the resulting hazard classification.

27 SOUTHCOTE ROAD BOURNEMOUTH BH1 3SH Tel 01202 295 570 Fax 01202 295 552

Email enquiries@techpaints.com www.tecpaints.com Date 26/10/2009 Revision 3 Page 4 of 6 MSDS 100F6

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

There is no data available on the product itself. The product should not be allowed to enter drains or water courses or be deposited where it can affect ground or surface waters. The Air Pollution Control requirements of regulations made under the Environmental Protection Act may apply to the use of this product. The product has been assessed following the conventional method in CHIP and is classified for ecological hazards accordingly, see sections 3 and 15 for details. See also sections 5, 6 and 13.

Substance classified As DfE(1)	Mobility(2)	Persistence and Biodegradability(2)	Other adverse Effects(2)
Cobalt Carboxylate	Immiscible in water		LC50 1-10 mg/l

⁽¹⁾ All substances listed in Section 2 and classified as dangerous for the environment (DfE).

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Do not allow into drains or water courses or dispose of where ground or surface waters may be affected. Wastes, including emptied containers, are controlled wastes and should be disposed of in accordance with regulations made under the 'Control of Pollution Act' and the 'Environmental Protection Act'. Using information provided in this safety data sheet, advice should be obtained from the relevant Environment Agency whether the Hazardous Waste Regulations apply.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Transport within the users premises: - Always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Onwards transport subsequent to purchase: - Transport to be in accordance with ADR for road, RID for rail, IMDG for sea and ICAO/IATA for air.

Proper shipping name:	Paint	Technical name 1:	-
UN number:	1263	Technical name 2:	-
Hazard class:	J	Marine Pollutant:	No
Packing Group:	III	Emergency Schedule Number:	F-E, S-E
Sub-hazard class:	_	Flashpoint:	17oC

In pack sizes up to and including 30 litres, under the terms of 2.3.2.5, this product is not subject to the packaging, labelling and marking requirements of the IMDG Code but both full documentation and placarding of the cargo transport units is still required. In pack sizes less than 450 litres, under the terms of 2.2.3.1.5 this product is not subject to the provisions of ADR. The full requirements of ICAO and IATA apply to this product irrespective of pack size.

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

The product is classified and labelled for supply in accordance with the CHIP Regulations as follows: -

CLASSIFICATION: HIGHLY FLAMMABLE.

SYMBOL: -

NAMES: -

R PHRASES:

R11 Highly Flammable.

S PHRASES:

S9	Keep container in well ventilated area.
S16	Keep away from sources of ignition - No smoking.
S33	Take precautionary measures against static charges.
S43	In case of fire, use DRY chemicals, CO2 alcohol-resistant foam or water spray.
S46	If swallowed seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label.
S51	Ensure maximum ventilation during application and drying.

Restrict interior use to small surface areas such as doors, window frames or skirting boards. Not recommended for interior use on large surface areas - walls, floors or ceilings or in

confined spaces.

⁽²⁾ Information taken from suppliers' safety data sheet and relevant to impacts in the accidental release in storage, handling, use and disposal.

27 SOUTHCOTE ROAD BOURNEMOUTH BH1 3SH Tel 01202 295 570 Fax 01202 295 552

Email enquiries@techpaints.com www.tecpaints.com Date 26/10/2009 Revision 3 Page 5 of 6 MSDS 100Fe

16. OTHER INFORMATION

Symbols and text of the R phrases in section 2: -

RISK PHRASES

R11 Highly Flammable.

R23/24/25 Toxic by inhalation, in contact with skin and if swallowed.

R39/23/24/25 Toxic: danger of very serious irreversible effects through inhalation, in contact with skin

and if swallowed.

R36 Irritating to eyes.

R67 vapours may cause drowsiness and dizziness.

WARNING SYMBOLS

Xn Harmful.

REFERENCE DOCUMENTS

STATUTORY

Air Navigation (Dangerous Goods) Regulations

Carriage of Dangerous Goods and Use of Transportable Pressure Equipment Regulations as amended

Chemical (Hazard Information and Packaging for Supply) (Amendment) Regulations

Consumer Protection Act 1987

Control of Lead at Work Regulations 1998

Control of Pollution (Amendment) Act 1989

Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Regulations

Dangerous Goods Safety Advisor Regulations

Environment Act 1995

Environmental Protection (Duty of Care) Regulations

Environmental Protection Act 1990

Factories Act 1961

Fire Precautions Act 1971

Hazardous Waste (England and Wales) Regulations

Health and Safety at Work Act 1974

International Rail/Road Transport -RID and ADR (Current editions)

List of Wastes (England) Regulations

Management of Health and Safety at Work Regulations 1999

Manual Handling Regulations 1992

Merchant Shipping (Dangerous Goods and Marine Pollutants) Regulations

Personal Protective Equipment at Work Regulations 1992

Provision and Use of Work Equipment Regulations

Waste Management Licensing Regulations

APPROVED CODES OF PRACTICE

ACOP - Control of Lead at Work (ACOP 2) - HSE Books

ACOP - Control of Substances Hazardous to Health/Control of Carcinogenic Substances- HSE Books

ACOP - Waste Management - The Duty of Care

HEALTH AND SAFETY EXECUTIVE

GUIDANCE NOTES

HS(G)37 An Introduction to Local Exhaust Ventilation

EH40 Workplace Exposure Limits

EH44 Dust: General Principles of Protection

HS(G)53 The Selection, Use and Maintenance of RPE HS(G)71 Storage of Packaged Dangerous Substances HS(G)140 Safe Use and Handling of Flammable Liquids HS(G)193 COSHH Essentials: easy steps to control chemicals

L23 Manual Handling: Guidance on Regulations

BRITISH STANDARDS PUBLICATIONS

BS4275: Recommendations for the Selection, Use and Maintenance of Respiratory Protective Equipment

EN420: General requirements for gloves

EN166: Personal eye protection - specifications

27 SOUTHCOTE ROAD BOURNEMOUTH BH1 3SH Tel 01202 295 570 Fax 01202 295 552

Email enquiries@techpaints.com www.tecpaints.com Date 26/10/2009 Revision 3 Page 6 of 6 MSDS 100F6

LEAD IN PREVIOUSLY PAINTED SURFACES

When surfaces are to be prepared for painting, account must be taken of the age of the property and the possibility that lead pigmented paint might be present. There is a possibility that ingestion or inhalation of scrapings or dust arising from the preparation work could cause adverse health effects.

As a working rule you should assume that this will be the case if the age of the property is pre 1960. Where possible, wet flatting or chemical stripping methods should be used with surfaces of this type to avoid the creation of dust. When dry flatting cannot be avoided, and effective local exhaust ventilation is not available, it is recommended that a dust respirator is worn, that is approved for use with lead dusts, and its type selected on the basis of the occupational hygiene (COSHH) assessment, taking into account the occupational hygiene exposure standard for lead in air. Furthermore, steps should be taken to ensure containment of the dusts created, and that all practicable measures are taken to clean up thoroughly all deposits of dusts in and around the affected area. Extra precautions will need to be taken when burning off old lead based paints as fumes containing lead will be produced. It is recommended that a respirator, approved for use with particulate fumes of lead is selected on the basis of the occupational hygiene (COSHH) assessment.

The Code of Practice for the Control of Lead at Works (reference ISBN 07176 1506 5 1998) should be consulted for advice on protective clothing and personal hygiene precautions.

Care should be taken to exclude visitors, members of the household and especially children from the affected area, during the actual work and the subsequent clean up operations. All scrapings, dust, etc. should be disposed of by the professional painting contractor as Hazardous Waste, with the relevant documentation under the Hazardous Waste Regulations, The Environmental Protection (Duty of Care) Regulations, The Controlled Waste (Registration of Carriers and Seizure of Vehicles) Regulations and the Waste Management Licensing Regulations.

The information contained in the Health and Safety Data Sheet is provided in accordance with the requirements of the CHIP Regulations. The product should not be used for purposes other than those shown in section 1 without first referring to the supplier and obtaining written handling instructions. As the specific conditions of use of the product are outside the suppliers control, the user is responsible for ensuring that the requirements of relevant legislation are complied with. This information contained in the safety data sheet is based on present knowledge and current national legislation. It provides guidance on health, safety and environmental aspects of the product and should not be construed as any guarantee of technical performance or suitability for particular application.